

Lab 6: Objects

due: October 26th or 27th, 2017

Design, implement and share a new kind of Processing object.

1. Choose one specific everyday object, preferably one you can see, to simulate in Processing.
2. Write a **blueprint** of the object: describe the attributes of the object (i.e. nouns) and its methods (i.e. verbs, or actions). Use specific names for each method and attribute, and give a brief english language summary of each (see the table on page 2). The method descriptions should include any input parameters or output values. Each attribute should have appropriate getter/setter methods.
3. The instructor will give you someone else's design document.
4. Assuming your partner's class is complete---all methods are ready to be called---come up with a plan for using both your objects. **Interaction between the two objects should occur outside of any class** (e.g., in `setup`, `draw`, `mousePressed`). Start coding this part of the lab first.
5. When both of you have completed your implementations, share only your class definitions (e.g. `Ball.pde`, not `setup & draw`), and see how your programs function together!

Learning Objectives

- Write a Java class
- Design an interface
- Implement a class

Deliverables

- Your program should start with a comment that includes your name, email, date, assignment description, collaboration statement, and reflection.
- Bring a hardcopy of your program (the source code, not the graphics) to your next lab period.
- Also turn-in the original textual design document.
- Be prepared to run the Processing sketch and demonstrate your "[Theory of the Program](#)."

Example Documentation for our **Ball**

Attributes	
pos: PVector	Position of the ball
r: float	Radius of the ball
Constructors	
Ball(pos: PVector, r:float)	Create a new ball at specified position pos with radius r.
Ball()	Create a new ball at a random location with radius of 15.
Methods	
move(speed: PVector)	Change the position of the ball by speed.
display()	Display the ball as a red circle.
bounce()	Bounce the ball off of the left, right, top and bottom edges of the window.
getR(): float	Return the radius of the circle
setR(r: float)	Set the radius of the circle, the size can't be smaller than 1
getPos(): PVector	Return the position of the ball
setPos(p: PVector)	Sets the position of the ball to p
getX(): float	return the x position of the ball
getY(): float	return the y position of the ball
setX(x: float)	set the x position of the ball, keeps the ball within the window
setY(y: float)	set the y position of the ball, keeps the ball within the window